Colonoscopy General Info

Your appointment is on:	at:	AM/PM
Location: Endoscopy Clinic: 1st Floor, ro	om 1G601, Credit Val	ley Hospital

What is a Colonoscopy?

A colonoscopy is a procedure used to diagnose diseases like polyps, colon cancer, colitis and diverticulosis. A colonoscope is a thin, flexible tube which is passed through the rectum into the colon to allow the doctor to look at the lining of the colon. A tiny video camera is attached to the tip of the colonoscope which sends images to a video monitor. If any abnormality is found, a biopsy or polyp removal (polypectomy) may be performed.

For your comfort, you will be given sedative medication which will relax you and make you sleepy.

For safe and effective examination of your colon, it must be completely empty of stool on the day of your procedure. This document provides a step-by-step guide on how to cleanse your colon and prepare for your appointment.

Important Things to Know in Advance

- Review diet, preparation and medication instructions carefully at least 1 week before your procedure
- After sedation, YOU MUST BE ESCORTED HOME BY AN ADULT FRIEND OR RELATIVE. This is for your safety.
- Do not drive, operate hazardous machinery or drink alcohol for 24 hours after as you will be receiving sedation.
- Bring your health card and a piece of photo ID to your appointment
- Do not wear perfume, cologne, or scented creams as some staff and patients are highly allergic.
- Leave all your valuables, such as jewelry or money at home.
- Wear loose, comfortable clothing and shoes to your appointment.
- If you are DIABETIC please refer to the attached instruction sheet regarding your diabetic medications.
- BLOOD THINNERS need to be temporarily stopped before colonoscopy (Coumadin, Plavix, Pradaxa, Eliquis, ASA, etc..).
 Check with your family physician or cardiologist in ADVANCE when it is safe to hold these medications before the procedure.
- Bring the completed MEDICATION LIST to your appointment.
- Come 30 minutes before your appointment.
- If you have an OSTOMY, please bring an EXTRA OSTOMY BAG to your appointment as the clinic does have any.
- **It is very important to follow the directions above or your appointment may be cancelled**

Understanding the Risks

A colonoscopy is a potentially lifesaving procedure but, as with any invasive procedure, there are potential risks. (1 in 1000). Bleeding and bowel perforation requiring treatment rarely occurs. After your procedure, if you are experiencing significant pain or bleeding at home, and it is after clinic hours, please go to the nearest hospital emergency department immediately.

Cancellation or Rescheduling

To avoid a cancellation fee, you must advise us a minimum of 10 business days in advance of your procedure.

Getting Ready for Colonoscopy with PEG Polyethylene Glycol

7 days before:	Stop eating corn, popcorn, nuts, multigrain bre	ads, grapes, berries or any foods containing seeds
	 Stop taking fibre supplements (Metamucil) 	
	 Stop taking iron pills 	
	 Stop taking certain blood thinners (if approved 	by your cardiologist or family doctor)
	 Ticlid (ticlopidine) 	
	Plavix (clopidogrel)	
		y, Kleen Prep, Colyte or Peglyte) from any pharmacy
1 day before:	Morning appointment (before 1 pm)	Afternoon appointment (after 1 pm)
	 No solid food <u>ALL DAY</u> 	No solid food <u>ALL DAY</u>
	 Consume only clear fluids, broth/consommé, 	Consume only clear fluids, broth/consommé,
	apple juice, Sprite, ginger ale, black coffee, tea	apple juice, Sprite, ginger ale, black coffee, tea
	without milk. You can also have Jell-0 (no red,	without milk. You can also have Jell-0 (no red,
	blue or purple colours)	blue or purple colours)
	• At Noon:	At Noon:
	 Prepare 4 packages of PEG laxative by 	 Prepare 4 packages of PEG laxative by
	mixing each package in 1L of water (total 4	mixing each package in 1L of water (total 4
	litres)	litres)
	 Refrigerate to make it taste better 	 Refrigerate to make it taste better
	• At 6 pm:	• At 6 pm:
	 Drink first 2L of PEG liquid 	○ Drink first 2L of PEG liquid
	 Drink one full glass quickly every 15 minutes 	 Drink one full glass quickly every 15 minutes
	until entire 2 litres is finished. This should	until entire 2 litres is finished. This should
	take 2 hours.	take 2 hours.
	\circ If you feel nauseated take Gravol (purchase	○ If you feel nauseated take Gravol (purchase
	over the counter)	over the counter)
	 Sucking on a popsicle, lemon or lime wedge 	 Sucking on a popsicle, lemon or lime wedge
	may improve taste of the prep	may improve taste of the prep
	 You will have many watery bowel 	 You will have many watery bowel
	movements and some cramping	movements and some cramping
The day of your	 6 hours before your procedure, take the second 	At 7:00 am, take the second 2 litres of PEG liquid
procedure (you	2 litres of PEG liquid as before	Continue to drink ONLY clear fluids – NO SOLIDS
may have to get	 Continue to drink ONLY clear fluids – NO SOLIDS 	 Please <u>DO NOT</u> eat or drink <u>ANYTHING</u> for at
up very early):	 Please <u>DO NOT</u> eat or drink <u>ANYTHING</u> for at 	least 2 hours before your procedure time (4
	least 2 hours before your procedure time (4	hours if having gastroscopy at the same time)
	hours if having gastroscopy at the same time)	If you normally take prescription BLOOD
	 If you normally take prescription BLOOD 	PRESSURE medications, take these in the
	PRESSURE medications, take these in the	MORNING with some water
	MORNING with some water	DO NOT chew gum on the day of your procedure.
	 <u>DO NOT</u> chew gum on the day of your procedure. 	Arrive 30 minutes early and wear loose
	 Arrive 30 minutes early and wear loose 	comfortable clothing
	comfortable clothing	You should be ready for pick up approximately
	 You should be ready for pick up approximately 	60 minutes post procedure
	60 minutes post procedure	
After your	 Resume normal diet and medications 	Resume normal diet and medications
procedure:	 Instructions on re-starting BLOOD THINNERS 	Instructions on re-starting BLOOD THINNERS
	will be provided after your procedure	will be provided after your procedure

PLEASE PRINT THIS FOR APPOINTMENT OR PROVIDE MEDICATION LIST FROM PHARMACY



My Medication List

List all the medications you take, such as pills, patches, inhalers, eye/ear/nose drops, creams, ointments, and samples the doctor gave you. Be sure to include over the counter medicine, vitamins, minerals, herbal products, and recreational drugs (example: alcohol or marijuana). For your MedList to work, it's important to keep it up to date: use the date columns to indicate when old medications were stopped and new ones added.

Strength (1 pill) Ing Secret Bedfine Strength (20 mg)				ns/ drugs	
Prescribed Medications (example: atorvastatin)				Over the counter medications/ herbals/vitamins/recreational drugs	

Medication allergies:

Date reviewed: If it's on the list, it won't be missed. Reviewed by:

Pharmacy:

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DIABETES MANAGEMENT

IF YOU NORMALLY TAKE:

ORAL DIABETIC PILLS

- The day prior to your test (clear fluid diet), take your Metformin, Avandia, Actos, Januvia, Janumet,
 Agenta, Onglyza, Invokana, Jardiance or Forxiga as usual. Reduce your other diabetes medications
 (Glyburide or Diamicron MR)
- The day of your procedure, do not take your medications and resume afterwards

TWICE DAILY INSULIN

- The day prior to your test (clear fluid diet), take your usual insulin dose in the morning and 75% of your usual dose in the afternoon
- The day of the procedure, do not take your insulin the morning of the procedure and resume when eating afterwards

MULTIPLE INJECTIONS OF INSULIN (3>per day)

- The day prior to your test (clear fluid diet):
 - Take 75% of your usual doses during the day
 - Take your usual evening dose of long insulin (NPH, Lente or Lantus)
- The day of your procedure:
 - If you have Type 2 diabetes do not take your morning insulin and resume afterwards
 - If you have Type 1 diabetes take 50% of your usual NPH dose in the morning of the test